Changing 1	Changing Me Summer 2			
Year	Knowledge	Social and emotional skills	Questions for family learning	
group				
Reception	Know the names and functions of some parts of the body (see	Can identify how they have changed	Which parts of your body do you	
	vocabulary list). Know that we grow from baby to adult.	from a baby. Can say what might	know the same of?	
	Know who to talk to if they are feeling worried.	change for them they get older.	Who can you talk to if you ever feel	
	Know that sharing how they feel can help solve a worry.	Recognise that changing class can illicit	worried or frightened? (at school / at	
	Know that remembering happy times can help us move on	happy and/or sad emotions.	home)	
		Can say how they feel about changing	Can you tell me about a time when	
	Children are encouraged to think about how they have	class/ growing up.	you felt really happy?	
	changed from being a baby and what may change for them	Can identify positive memories from the		
	in the future. They consolidate the names and functions of	past year in school home.		
	some of the main parts of the body and discuss how these			
	have changed. They learn that our bodies change as we get	Key Vocabulary		
	older in lots of different ways. Children understand that	Eye, Foot, Eyebrow, Forehead, Ear,		
	change can bring about positive and negative feelings, and	Mouth, Arm, Leg, Chest, Knee, Nose,		
	that sharing these can help. They also consider the role that	Tongue, Finger, Toe, Stomach, Hand,		
	memories can have in managing change.	Baby, Grown-up, Adult, Change,		
		Worry, Excited, Memories.		
Year I	Know that animals including humans have a life cycle.	Understand and accepts that change is a	What is a life cycle?	
	Know that changes happen when we grow up.	natural part of getting older.	How will you change as you grow	
	Know that people grow up at different rates and that is normal.	Can identify some things that have	up?	
	Know the names of male and female private body parts.	changed and some things that have	Who is the tallest / smallest in your	
	Know that there are correct names for private body parts and	stayed the same since being a baby	class? Which parts of your body are	
	nicknames, and when to use them.	(including the body).	private?	
	Know which parts of the body are private and that they belong	Can express why they enjoy learning.	Who is allowed to see your private	
	to that person and that nobody has the right to hurt these.	Can suggest ways to manage change	body parts?	

	Know who to ask for help if they are worried or frightened. Know that learning brings about change.  Children are introduced to life cycles e.g. that of a frog and identify the different stages. They compare this with a human life cycle and look at simple changes from baby to adult e.g. getting taller, learning to walk etc. They discuss how they have changed so far and that people grow up at different rates. As part of a school's safeguarding duty, pupils are taught the correct words for private parts of the body (those kept private by underwear: vagina, anus, penis, testicles, vulva). They are also taught that nobody has the right to hurt these parts of the body. Change is discussed as a natural and normal part of getting older which can bring about happy and sad feelings. Children practise a range of skills to help manage their feelings and learn how to access help if they are worried about change, or if someone is hurting them	e.g. moving to a new class.  Key Vocabulary Changes, Life cycles, Baby, Adult, Adulthood, Grown-up, Mature, Male, Female, Vagina, Penis, Testicles, Vulva, Anus, Learn, New, Grow, Feelings, Anxious, Worried, Excited, Coping.	What should you do if you don't like the way someone is touching you? Who can you talk to if you ever feel worried or frightened? (at school / at home) What is the best part about being your age?
Year 2	Know that life cycles exist in nature.  Know that aging is a natural process including old-age.  Know that some changes are out of an individual's control.  Know how their bodies have changed from when they were a baby and that they will continue to change as they age.	Can appreciate that changes will happen and that some can be controlled and others not.  Be able to express how they feel about changes.	What is a life cycle? How have you changed since you were a baby? How will you change over the next year / 5 years / 20 years?
	Know the physical differences between male and female bodies.  Know the correct names for private body parts.	Show appreciation for people who are older.	What changes can you / can't you control? Which parts are your private

Know that private body parts are special and that no one has the right to hurt these.

Know who to ask for help if they are worried or frightened. Know there are different types of touch and that some are acceptable and some are unacceptable.

In this Puzzle children look at different life cycles in nature including that of humans. They reflect on the changes that occur (not including puberty) between baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult and old -age. Within this, children also discuss how independence, freedoms and responsibility can increase with age. As part of a school's safeguarding duty, pupils are re-taught the correct words for private parts of the body (those kept private by underwear: vagina, anus, penis, testicle, vulva). They are also reminded that nobody has the right to hurt these parts of the body, including a lesson on inappropriate touch and assertiveness. Children practise a range of strategies for managing feelings and emotions. They are also taught where they can get help if worried or frightened. Change is taught as a natural and normal part of growing up and the range of emotions that can occur with change are explored and discussed.

Can recognise the independence and responsibilities they have now compared to being a baby or toddler.

Can say what greater responsibilities and freedoms they may have in the future.

Can say who they would go to for help if worried or scared.

Can say what types of touch they find comfortable/ uncomfortable.

Be able to confidently ask someone to stop if they are being hurt or frightened.

Can say what they are looking forward to in the next year.

## Key Vocabulary

Change, Grow, Control, Life cycle,
Baby, Adult, Fully grown, Growing up,
Old, Young, Change, Respect,
Appearance, Physical, Baby, Toddler,
Child, Teenager, Independent,
Timeline, Freedom, Responsibilities,
Male, Female, Vagina, Penis, Testicles,
Vulva, Anus, Public, Private, Touch,
Texture, Cuddle, Hug, Squeeze, Like,
Dislike, Acceptable, Unacceptable,
Comfortable, Uncomfortable, Looking

## parts?

Who is allowed to see them?

What would you do if someone was touching you and you didn't like it?

Who can you talk to if you ever feel worried or frightened? (at school / at home).

What is your favourite part of PSHE lessons?

		forward, Excited, Nervous, Anxious,	
		Нарру.	
Year 3	Know that in animals and humans lots of changes happen	Can express how they feel about babies.	Can you tell me about some of the
	between conception and growing up.	Can describe the emotions that a new	changes that happen to a puppy /
	Know that in nature it is usually the female that carries the	baby can bring to a family.	kitten / baby as they grow up?
	baby.	Can express how they feel about	Can we talk about some of the
	Know that in humans a mother carries the baby in her uterus	puberty.	changes that are going to happen to
	(womb) and this is where it develops	Can say who they can talk to about	you as you grow up? How do you
	Know that babies need love and care from their parents/carers	puberty if they have any worries.	feel about these changes?
	Know some of the changes that happen between being a baby	Can identify stereotypical family roles	· Do you have any questions about
	and a child	and challenge these ideas e.g. it may not	the changes that are going to happen
	Know that the male and female body needs to change at	always be Mum who does the laundry.	to you as you grow up?
	puberty so their bodies can make babies when they are adults.	Can identify changes they are looking	
	Know some of the outside body changes that happen during	forward to in the next year.	
	puberty.	Can apply the circle of change model to	
	Know that change is a normal part of life and that some cannot	themselves to have strategies for	
	be controlled and have to be accepted. (Year 4 lesson on	managing change.	
	<mark>Jigeaw).</mark>	Have strategies for managing the	
	Know that change can bring about a range of different	emotions relating to change	
	emotions. <mark>(Year 4 lesson on Jigsaw)</mark> .		
	This Puzzle (Puzzle) begins with an exploration about babies	Key Vocabulary	
	and what they need to grow and develop including parenting.	Changes, Circle, Change Birth,	
	Children learn that it is usually the female that carries the	Animals, Babies, Mother, Growing up,	
	baby in nature. This leads onto lessons where puberty is	Baby, Grow, Uterus, Womb, Nutrients,	
	introduced. Children first look at the outside body changes in	Survive, Love, Affection, Care, Control,	
	males and females. They learn that puberty is a natural part	Womb / uterus, Vagina, Stereotypes,	

	of growing up and that it is a process for getting their bodies	Task, Roles, Challenge, Looking	
	ready to make a baby when grownup. Sexual intercourse and	forward, Excited, Nervous, Anxious,	
	the birth of the baby is not taught in this year group.	Happy, Breasts, Penis, Testicles, Pubic	
	Children discuss how they feel about puberty and growing up	Hair,	
	and there are opportunities for them to seek reassurance if	Tradi,	
	anything is worrying them.		
Year 4	Know some of the changes on the inside that happen during	Can appreciate their own uniqueness	Which of your characteristics did you
1001 +	puberty. (Year 3 lesson on Jigsaw).	and that of others.	get from your birth parents?
	Understand what responsibilities there are in parenthood and	Can express how they feel about having	Can we talk about some of the
	the joy it can bring	children when they are grown up.	changes that are going to happen to
	Consider what has influenced my life and what might influence	Can express any concerns they have	you as you grow up?
	the lives of other people.	about puberty.	Do you have any questions about the
	Know the names of the different internal and external body	Can say who they can talk to about	changes that happen to a girl when
	parts that are needed to make a baby.	puberty if they are worried.	they grow up?
	Know how the female and male body change at puberty.	Can suggest ways to help them manage	How do you feel about the changes
	Know that personal hygiene is important during puberty and as	feelings during changes they are more	that will happen to you as you grow?
	an adult.	anxious about.	
	Know that change is a normal part of life and that some cannot	Understand that having a baby is a	
	be controlled and have to be accepted.	personal choice and express how I feel	
	Know that change can bring about a range of different	about having children when I am an	
	emotions.	adult.	
		Key Vocabulary	
	In this Puzzle, children identify inside body changes in the	Puberty Male Female Testicles Sperm	
	growing up process. This lesson does not attempt any	Penis Ovaries Egg, Ovum/ Ova, Womb/	
	explanation of how the sperm and the egg come together.	Uterus, Vagina. Personal, Unique,	
	Bodily changes at puberty are revisited with some additional	Characteristics, Parents, Egg / ovum,	

	vocabulary, particularly around menstruation. Sanitary health is taught, including introducing pupils to different sanitary and	Penis, Testicles, Vagina / vulva, Womb / uterus, Ovaries, Puberty, Menstruation,	
	personal hygiene products. They understand what	Periods, Circle, Change, Emotions,	
	responsibilities there are in parenthood and the joy it can bring.	Acceptance, Looking forward, Excited,	
	The class will consider as what has influenced their life and	Nervous, Anxious, Happy, Feelings,	
	what might influence the lives of other people. They are taught	Responsibility, Carers, Characteristics,	
	to understand that having a baby is a personal choice and	Language, Mannerisms,, Influence.	
	express how they feel about having children when they are		
	adults. The unit (Puzzle) ends by looking at the feelings		
	associated with change and how to manage these. Children are		
	introduced to Jigsaw's Circle of change model as a strategy for		
	managing future changes.		
Year 5	Know what perception means and that perceptions can be right	Can celebrate what they like about their	Can you tell me how you feel about
	or wrong.	own and others' self-image and body-	yourself? What can people do if they
	Know how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and	image.	don't feel great about themselves?
	understand the importance of looking after themselves	Can suggest ways to boost self-esteem	Can I share with you how I see you
	physically and emotionally.	of self and others.	and how I care about you?
	Know that becoming a teenager involves various changes and	Recognise that puberty is a natural	Do you have any worries about
	also brings growing responsibility.	process that happens to everybody and	puberty?
		that it will be OK for them.	Do you have any questions about
	In this Puzzle the children revisit self-esteem and self/body	Can ask questions about puberty to seek	puberty?
	image. They learn that we all have perceptions about	clarification.	Do you have any questions that you'd
	ourselves and others, and these may be right or wrong. They	Can express how they feel about	like to ask me about how babies are
	also reflect on how social media and the media can promote	becoming a teenager.	conceived? • What do you think it
	unhelpful comparison and how to manage this. Puberty is	Can say who they can talk to if	will be like when you are a teenager?
	revisited with further detail explaining bodily changes in	concerned about puberty or becoming a	What kinds of things do you think
	males and females. Children look at what becoming a	teenager/adult	you will be allowed to do when you

	teenager means for them with an increase in freedom, rights		are a teenager that you're not allowed
	and responsibilities. They also look at the perceptions that	Vocabulary	to do now?
	surround teenagers and reflect whether they are always	Body-image, Self-image,	What do you enjoy about being your
	accurate e.g. teenagers are always moody; all teenagers have	Characteristics, Looks, Personality,	age now?
	a boyfriend/girlfriend etc.	Perception, Self-esteem, Affirmation,	
		Comparison, Uterus, Womb, Oestrogen,	
		Fallopian Tube, Cervix, Develops,	
		Puberty, Breasts, Vagina, Vulva, Hips,	
		Penis, Testicles, Adam's Apple,	
		Scrotum, Genitals, Hair, Broader,	
		Wider, Sperm, Semen, Erection,	
		Ejaculation, Urethra, Wet dream,	
		Growth spurt, Larynx, Facial hair,	
		Pubic hair, Hormones, Scrotum,	
		Testosterone, Circumcised,	
		Uncircumcised, Foreskin, Epididymis,	
		Ovaries, Egg (Ovum), Period,	
		Fertilised, Unfertilised, Foetus,	
		Pregnancy, Menstruation, Sanitary	
		products, Tampon, Pad, Towel, Liner,	
		Hygiene, Age appropriateness, Legal,	
		Laws, Responsible, Teenager,	
		Responsibilities, Rights	
Year 6	Know how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and	Recognise ways they can develop their	Can we talk about the changes that
	understand the importance of looking after themselves	own self-esteem.	will happen to your body over the
	physically and emotionally.	Can express how they feel about the	next few years?
	Know that sexual intercourse can lead to conception · Know that	changes that will happen to them during	How do you feel about these

some people need help to conceive and might use IVF.<u>(Year 5</u> lesson on Jigsaw).

Know the importance of self-esteem and what they can do to develop it.

Know what they are looking forward to and what they are worried about when thinking about transition to secondary school / moving to their next class.

In this Puzzle the class learn about puberty in boys and girls and the changes that will happen - they reflect on how they feel about these changes. Sexual intercourse is explained in slightly more detail than in the previous year in which it is taught through Science in terms of an egg and a sperm fertilising. Children are encouraged to ask questions and seek clarification about anything they don't understand. Further details about pregnancy are introduced including some facts about the development of the foetus and some simple explanation about alternative ways of conception e.g. IVF. Children learn that having a baby is a personal choice. Details of contraceptive options and methods are not taught as this is not age-appropriate. Reasons why people choose to be in a romantic relationship and choose to have a baby are also explored. They discuss relationships and the importance of mutual respect and not pressuring / being pressured into doing something that they don't want to. The children also learn about self-esteem, why it is important and ways to

puberty.

Can celebrate what they like about their own and others' self-image and body-image.

Use strategies to prepare themselves emotionally for the transition (changes) to secondary school

Can express how they feel about having a romantic relationship when they are an adult.

Can express how they feel about having children when they are an adult.

Vocabulary

Independence Identity Values
Relationships Pressure Adolescence,
Conception, Having sex, Sexual
intercourse, Making love, Embryo,
Umbilical cord, IVF

Body-image, Self-image, Characteristics, Looks, Personality, Perception, Selfesteem, Affirmation, Comparison, negative body-talk, mental health, Uterus, Womb, Oestrogen, Fallopian Tube, Cervix, Develops, Puberty, Breasts, Vagina, Vulva, Hips, Penis, Testicles, changes?

What does mutual respect mean?
Why is that important in a relationship? · What are you excited about in secondary school?
What are you worried about in secondary school?

What can we do with these worries?

develop it. Finally, they look at the transition to secondary school (or next class) and what they are looking forward to / are worried about and how they can prepare themselves mentally.

Adam's Apple, Scrotum, Genitals, Hair, Broader, Wider, Sperm, Semen, Erection, Ejaculation, Urethra, Wet dream, Growth spurt, Larynx, Facial hair, Pubic hair, Hormones, Scrotum, Testosterone, Circumcised, Uncircumcised, Foreskin, Epididymis, Ovaries, Egg (Ovum), Period, Fertilised, Unfertilised, Conception, Having sex, Sexual intercourse, Making love, Embryo, Umbilical cord, IVF, Foetus, Contraception, Pregnancy, Menstruation, Sanitary products, Tampon, Pad, Towel, Liner, Hygiene, Age appropriateness, Legal, Laws, Responsible, Teenager, Responsibilities, Rights, opportunities, freedoms, responsibilities, attraction, relationship, love, transition, secondary, looking forward, journey, worries, anxiety, excitement.